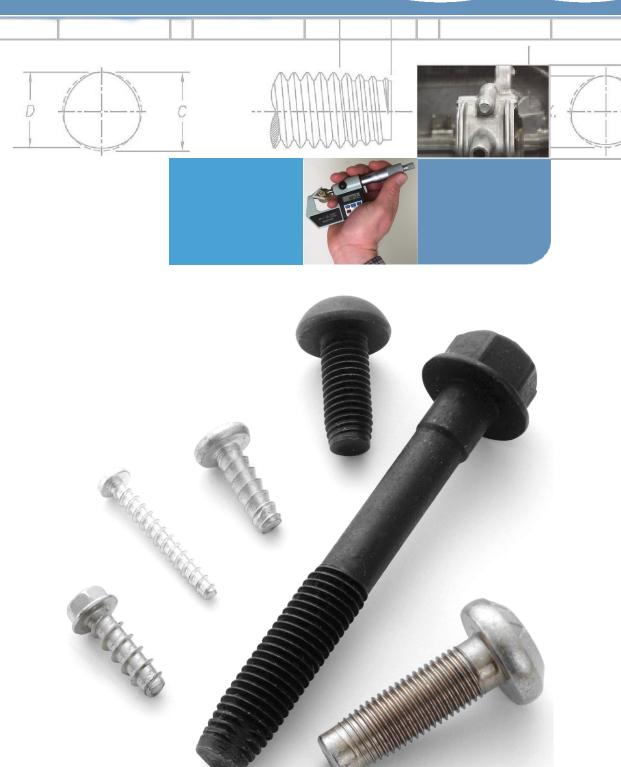
TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> and Other TRILOBULAR™ Products For Fastening Metals and Plastics





Leaders in Lowering the Cost of Assembly

### Quick Reference Index TO THE TRILOBULAR® FAMILY OF "ENGINEERED FASTENINGS™"

### **TAPTITE II® SCREWS**

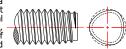
### Pages 4 & 5

#### **Advantages**

#### **Applications**



TAPTITE II® TRILOBULAR® thread-rolling screws roll-form strong, high integrity threads in drilled, punched or cored holes in ductile metals and castings. As each lobe of a TAPTITE II® screw moves through the pilot hole in the nut material, it forms and work-hardens the nut thread metal producing an uninterrupted grain flow. By elastic recovery, metal fills in behind the lobe, providing a greater area of thread contact with exceptional vibration resistance and fastening strength.



Practically eliminates chips. Low drive torque; high strip-to-drive ratio. Excellent resistance to vibrational loosening. Elimination of add-on locking devices. Reusable. Lower in-place fastener costs.

All ductile metals, die castings and punch extruded metals.

### **DUO-TAPTITE® SCREWS**

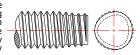
### Pages 6 & 7

### Advantages

### Applications



DUO-TAPTITE® TRILOBULAR® thread-rolling screws have generous lobulation at the screw point for easy entry and optimum forming action plus reduced lobulation in the screw body for increased holding power. A stabilizing thread insures ready, aligned entry into the pilot hole, with easy pickup and minimal starting end load. In extensive laboratory tests, DUO-TAPTITE® screws consistently surpass conventional thread-forming fasteners in every area of demanding performance.



Easy entry, positive alignment and consistent starting stability. Lower starting end pressure. Higher stripto-drive ratio. Higher prevailing torque. Excellent resistance to vibrational loosening.

All ductile metals, die castings and punch extruded metals.

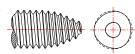
### **EXTRUDE-TITE®, TAPTITE CA® SCREWS**

### Pages 5, 13 & 14 Advantages

### **Applications**



TAPTITE® CA Point TRILOBULAR® thread rolling screws have a gimlet point for use when clearance holes and pilot holes are not in line. EXTRUDE-TITTE® screws have less TRILOBULAR® shape and also have a gimlet point for use in more demanding sheet metal applications or in applications with minimal length of engagement. Either fastener can be supplied case hardened for normal use or as a CORFLEX®-I product for structural applications.



Low starting torque and initial end load, desirable features with large diameter fasteners, are provided by a second thread forming taper and by the TAPTITE  $\mathrm{II}^{\otimes}$  step in the point. Vibration resistant.

For extremely rapid hole finding; for applications with floating nut members; where clearance and pilot holes are initially out of line; or where a sheet of material (gasket, carpet) must be pierced.

### POWERLOK®, KLEERLOK® SCREWS

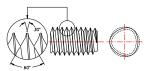
### Pages 15 & 16

#### **Advantages**

#### **Applications**



POWERLOK® TRILOBULAR®, thread-locking screws incorporate unique threads dimensioned to provided locking in tapped holes. A 30° thread-locking crest is superimposed on the normal 60° thread. This design, including a short tapered lead, allows hand starting in a tapped hole, adjustment and alignment of parts, and an exceptionally powerful locking action.



Locking action at thread periphery provides optimum holding power, even without seating of the head. Easy starting by hand and easy driving. Exceeds IFI locking standards. Extreme resistance to vibrational loosening.

All pre-tapped metal nuts, die castings and punch extruded assemblies where reliable, self-locking fasteners are required under conditions of severe vibration or high clamp load.

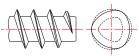
### PLASTITE 45<sup>®</sup>, 48-2 SCREWS

### Pages 17, 18 & 19 Advantages

### **Applications**



PLASTITE® 45 TRILOBULAR® thread rolling screws have extra wide spacing between narrow profile threads, resulting in exceptionally low induced stress and extra low boss bursting tendencies. TRILOBULAR® thread form design provides full relief for easy driving and effective resistance to vibrational loosening. PLASTITE® 45 screws provide wide differential between drive and fail torques for exceptionally easy drive tool adjustment. Screws are manufactured to nominal inch and metric diameters.



Easy driving. Excellent holding power. Reduced danger of burst bosses and induced stress. Easy power tool adjustment. Stronger internal threads: formed, not cut. No chips produced. Greater holding power. Reduced hoop stress and fewer burst bosses. Higher holding torque eliminates need for inserts or reinforcing clips. Allows for repeated removal and insertion.

Thermoplastics, engineering resins & certain thermosets. In cases where length of engagement is one diameter or more.

### **PUSHTITE® II SCREWS**

### Page 20

#### **Advantages**

### **Applications**



PUSHTITE® II thread-forming fasteners are designed to be pressed into recommended hole sizes with a single, straightline stroke. They have a TRILOBULAR® thread form combined with a 70°·10° semi-buttress thread shape to permit easy straight-line entry and provide exceptional pullout resistance. Threads are helical, not annular, permitting displaced air to escape during insertion. The helical thread also allows the fasteners to be removed and reinserted, if necessary. The TRILOBULAR® shape insures high prevailing off-torque.



Fast installation. No drive torque or torque related problems and costs. Easy removal and reinsertion. Fewer burst bosses. Reduced in-place

The resilient thermoplastics and several engineering grades. Component and boss design should allow for the stroke force.

### CORFLEX® - TAPTITE II® SCREWS or DUO-TAPTITE® SCREWS AND BOLTS

#### Page 21 Advantages

### **Applications**

CORFLEX® TRILOBULAR® thread-rolling screws combine good bending toughness, resistance to high alternating load stresses and ability to easily form threads in deep, untapped holes, with excellent resistance to vibrational loosening. These high-durability, structural screws are made from alloy steel, neutral-hardened to individual specifications, such as SAE grades 5 or 8 or metric 9.8 and 10.9. Thread-forming lead threads are induction hardened for thread-rolling capability.

Excellent resistance to shock and alternating loads. TRILOBULAR® thread-forming capability in heavy sections. Custom heat-treated to specific hardness/toughness requirements.

Recommended for critical or structural assemblies subject to vibration, shear stress, alternating loads, stress corrosion and rapid temperature fluctuations. For use when a neutral-hardened thread rolling screw is preferred over a conventional carburized and tempered fastener.





### Originators of the TRILOBULAR® Family of Fasteners Providing Technical Support, Marketing Support and Innovative Fastener Design

### **Reduced In-Place Cost!!**

TAPTITE II® and DUO-TAPTITE® thread rolling screws reduce in-place fastener costs and provide vibration resistant assemblies. TAPTITE II® and DUO-TAPTITE® thread rolling screws are used to create strong, uniform load carrying internal threads into untapped nut members upon installation. When REMINC/CONTI developed the original TAPTITE® TRILOBULAR® shape thread rolling screw, it revolutionized the use of threaded fasteners in high production assembly. Assembly efficiency and joint performance along with lower in-place fastening cost, have been the benefits of using TAPTITE® screws. TAPTITE II® and DUO-TAPTITE® screws and bolts continue these benefits along with meeting the quality and performance needs of the future.

### **Lower In-Place Fastening Costs**

Only 15% of the total in-place cost of a fastening is the cost of the screw or bolt. TAPTITE  $II^{\otimes}$  and DUO-TAPTITE screws and bolts lower the cost of the remaining 85%. The following is a list of some of the cost-savings advantages of using TAPTITE  $II^{\otimes}$  and DUO-TAPTITE thread rolling screws.

- Elimination of separate tapping operations and associated costs.
- Built-in resistance to vibrational loosening eliminates the need for lock washers, adhesives, or plastic patches and plugs.
- Generates stronger mating threads with uninterrupted grain flow due to work hardening of the nut for higher stripping resistance.
- Accepts larger pilot hole variations than drilled and tapped holes.
- Works in punched, drilled, cored and extruded holes in many different metals.
- With use of CORFLEX® metallurgy, can be provided in grade strengths of high tensile bolts for use in structural applications in deep thread lengths of engagement.
- No assembly line cross threading.
- Prevailing torque often equals or exceeds locking screw standards.
- Manufactured to REMINC/CONTI standards all over the world by over 68 of the world's leading fastener, fastener processing and tooling companies.

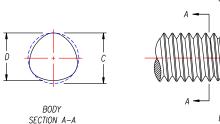
### **TAPTITE II**<sup>®</sup> Screws and Bolts

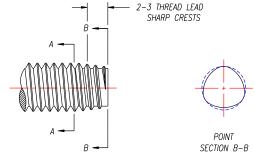


Percent thread chart ..... Pilot hole sizes ..... Page 9 Typical torque performance .. Page 10

Typical single punch

extruded holes ...... Pages 11 & 12 Die cast cored holes ...... Page 12 CORFLEX® Page 21
General Information Page 22





Length Tolerance - Inch - Per ANSI B18.6.3										
Nominal	Nominal Screw Size									
Screw Length	#4 - #12	1/4" - 1/2"								
	Tolerance	On Length								
To 1/2" Inclusive	+0,020	+0,030								
Over 1/2" to	+0,030	+0,030								
1" Inclusive	+0,030	+0,030								
Over 1" to	+0 060	+0 060								
2" Inclusive	+0,060	+0,060								
Over 2"	+0,090	+0,090								
	•									

Length Tolerance - Me	tric Per ANSI B18.6.7M
	Tolerance on Length
Nominal Screw Length	mm
to 3mm incl	± 0.2
over 3 to 10mm	± 0.3
over 10 to 16mm	± 0.4
over 16 to 50mm	± 0.5
over 50mm	± 1.0

**TAPTITE II**<sup>®</sup> **Thread Rolling Screws**TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> thread rolling screws have the TRILOBULAR<sup>®</sup> shape which reduces friction during thread forming, provides prevailing torque which exceeds the level of locking screws, and most importantly, inherently provides resistance to vibrational loosening.

The TRILOBULAR® engineering principles used to create TAPTITE II® screws create an efficient thread rolling screw in all sizes and pitches allowing the manufacture and efficient use of production screws in Sizes 00/M1 to as large as 1''/M24. Only TAPTITE  $II^{\otimes}$  screws can make this claim. Competing designs are not typically manufactured above M5 size and certainly not available up to M24 as are TAPTITE II® screws.

To utilize the in-place cost savings and performance benefits of TAPTITE  $II^{\$}$  screws in large sizes in structural applications, the combination of CORFLEX $^{\$}$ - $^{`}I'$  selective hardening (See Page 21) is highly beneficial. CORFLEX®-'I'
TAPTITE II® bolts can be used where high-strength grade-strength level bolts are required.

NOMINAL	SCREW BODY DIMENSIONS											
SCREW		С		)								
SIZE	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.								
<b>Metric Sizes</b>	Metric Sizes (mm)											
M1.6 x 0.35	1.66	1.58	1.59	1.51								
M2.0 x 0.40	2.06	1.98	1.98	1.90								
M2.5 x 0.45	2.57	2.48	2.48	2.39								
M3.0 x 0.50	3.07	2.98	2.97	2.88								
M3.5 x 0.60	3.58	3.48	3.46	3.36								
M4.0 x 0.70	4.08	3.98	3.94	3.84								
M4.5 x 0.75	4.59	4.48	4.44	4.33								
M5.0 x 0.80	5.09	4.98	4.93	4.82								
M6.0 x 1.00	6.10	5.97	5.90	5.77								
M7.0 x 1.00	7.10	6.97	6.90	6.77								
M8.0 x 1.25	8.13	7.97	7.88	7.72								
M10 x 1.50	10.15	9.97	9.85	9.67								
M12 x 1.75	12.18	11.97	11.83	11.62								
M14 x 2.00	14.20	13.97	13.80	13.57								
M16 x 2.00	16.20	15.97	15.80	15.57								

<b>Inch Sizes</b>	(in)			
00-90	0.0481	0.0451	0.0461	0.0431
0-80	0.0613	0.0583	0.0588	0.0558
1-64	0.0745	0.0715	0.0715	0.0685
2-56	0.0875	0.0835	0.0840	0.0800
3-48	0.1010	0.0970	0.0970	0.0930
4-40	0.1145	0.1105	0.1095	0.1055
5-40	0.1275	0.1235	0.1225	0.1185
6-32	0.1410	0.1350	0.1350	0.1290
8-32	0.1670	0.1610	0.1610	0.1550
10-24	0.1940	0.1880	0.1860	0.1800
10-32	0.1930	0.1870	0.1870	0.1810
12-24	0.2200	0.2140	0.2120	0.2060
1/4-20	0.2550	0.2490	0.2450	0.2390
5/16-18	0.3180	0.3120	0.3070	0.3010
3/8-16	0.3810	0.3750	0.3685	0.3625
7/16-14	0.4445	0.4385	0.4305	0.4245
1/2-13	0.5075	0.5015	0.4920	0.4860
9/16-12	0.5710	0.5630	0.5540	0.5460
5/8-11	0.6340	0.6260	0.6160	0.6080



### "The Controllable Product™"

### Why TAPTITE II® Over TAPTITE® Screws?

TAPTITE II® screws bring benefits to both fastener manufacturer and end user. TAPTITE II® screws were designed to:

Provide a more efficient manufacturing method and tool design to result in a more consistent product.

Be applicable to the quality and SPC philosophies of today's market by utilizing the capabilities of today's state of the art tooling and fastener manufacturing equipment.

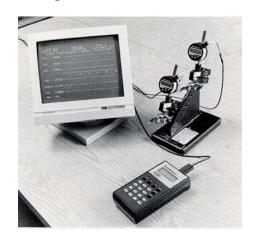
Provide more consistent torque performance,

lower thread forming torque and lower end load necessary to initiate thread forming, than any other thread forming or thread rolling screw including the original TAPTITE® screw.

licensed manufacturers with a total quality system for manufacturing TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> fasteners. Included are design and processing failure mode and effects analysis procedures, statistical in process control data system, improved inspection collection and procedures and criteria. Although all REMINC/CONTI products are designed for consistent manufacture and performance, TAPTITE II® fasteners were physically re-designed to meet the above quality system, to be the quality flagship of TRILOBULAR® products.

Behind the scenes, REMINC/CONTI has provided its

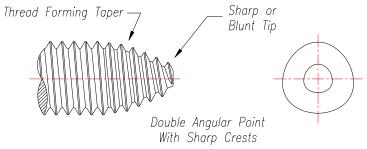
Note: TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> is often designated TYPE TT<sup>®</sup> AND TT-II™



**REMINC/CONTI Statistical Process Control Electronic Data Collection** System for TRILOBULAR® Products.

TAPTITE® "CA" Screws with Step

Taper "CA" Point
TAPTITE® "CA" screws are for applications with floating nut members or in situations where clearance and pilot holes may not line up initially and where rapid hole finding is essential. Low initial end load is provided by the second taper and TAPTITE II® step, a particularly desirable feature with larger diameters.



## **DUO-TAPTITE®** Screws and Bolts



Percent thread chart ...... Page 8 Pilot hole sizes ...... Page 9 Typical torque performance .. Page 10 Typical single punch

Nominal

extruded holes ...... Pages 11 & 12 General Information

neral Information		
Length Tolerance - In	ch - Per ANSI B18.6.3	
minal	Nominal Screw Size	BODY

Screw Length	#4 - #12	1/4" - 1/2"
	Tolerance	On Length
To 1/2" Inclusive	+0,020	+0,030
Over 1/2" to	+0,030	+0,030
1" Inclusive	TO,030	+0,030
Over 1" to	+0,060	+0,060
2" Inclusive	TO,000	+0,000
Over 2"	+0,090	+0,090

### Length Tolerance - Metric Per ANSI B18.6.7M

	Tolerance on Length
Nominal Screw Length	mm
to 3mm incl	± 0.2
over 3 to 10mm	± 0.3
over 10 to 16mm	± 0.4
over 16 to 50mm	± 0.5
over 50mm	± 1.0

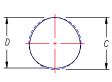
### **DUO-TAPTITE®** Thread Rolling Screws

TAPTITE® screws were the leap forward in high production assembly using threaded fasteners. DUO-TAPTITE® screws represent the refinement of the TRILOBULAR® principle for specific demanding appli-

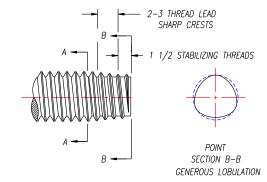
 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DUO}\text{-}\mathsf{TAPTITE}}^\circledast$  screws have generous lobulation at the screw point for easy entry and optimum thread forming action plus reduced lobulation in the screw body holding area. A stabilizing threaded dog point insures ready, aligned entry, with easy pick-up requiring minimal starting end load.

### ADVANTAGES

- High vibrational resistance
- Good axial alignment
- Low end load
- High strip-to-drive ratio
- High prevailing torque
- Good torque tension relationship







	SCR	<b>EW BODY</b>	DIMENSI	ONS		
SCREW		C		)		
SIZE	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.		
<b>Metric Size</b>	s (mm)					
M2.5 x 0.45	2.57	2.48	2.52	2.44		
M3.0 x 0.50	3.07	2.98	3.02	2.93		
M3.5 x 0.60	3.58	3.48	3.52	3.42		
M4.0 x 0.70	4.08	3.98	4.01	3.91		
M4.5 x 0.75	4.59	4.48	4.51	4.41		
$M5.0 \times 0.80$	5.09	4.98	5.01	4.90		
M6.0 x 1.00	6.10	5.97	6.00	5.87		
M7.0 x 1.00	7.10	6.97	7.00	6.87		
M8.0 x 1.25	8.13	7.97	8.00	7.85		
M10 x 1.50	10.15	9.97	10.00	9.82		
M12 x 1.75	12.18	11.97	12.00	11.80		
M14 x 2.00	14.20	13.97	14.00	13.77		
M16 x 2.00	16.20	15.97	16.00	15.77		
<b>Inch Sizes</b>	(in)					
2-56	0.0875	0.0835	0.0855	0.0815		
3-48	0.1010	0.0970	0.0990	0.0950		
4-40	0.1145	0.1105	0.1120	0.1080		
5-40	0.1275	0.1235	0.1250	0.1210		
6-32	0.1410	0.1350	0.1380	0.1320		
8-32	0.1670	0.1610	0.1640	0.1580		
10-24	0.1940	0.1880	0.1900	0.1840		
10-32	0.1930	0.1870	0.1900	0.1840		
12-24	0.2200	0.2140	0.2160	0.2100		
1/4-20	0.2550	0.2490	0.2500	0.2440		
5/16-18	0.3180	0.3120	0.3125	0.3065		
3/8-16	0.3810	0.3750	0.3745	0.3685		
7/16-14	0.4445	0.4385	0.4375	0.4315		
1/2-13	0.5075	0.5015	0.5000	0.4940		
9/16-12	0.5710	0.5630	0.5625	0.5545		
5/8-11	0.6340	0.6260	0.6250	0.6170		



### **DUO-TAPTITE®** Screws and Bolts

**DUO-TAPTITE®** 

IFI

### Better starting stability -**Axial Alignment**

Less misalignment at start of driving operation . . . the self-aligning characteristic of DUO-TAPTITE® screws reduces operator fatigue; eliminates interruptions in production; adds speed to every fastening operation. Suitable for automated and robotic assembly.

**B – Higher prevailing torque**Superior elastic action of a DUO-TAPTITE® screw gives it better locking characteristics than fasteners specifically designed as locking screws! Competitivé round-bodied, thread -forming fasteners have no locking torque. Graph shows comparison DUO-TAPTITE® screw with IFI-124 minimum requirement for self-locking screws.

40

60

### TYPICAL ANGULARITY

DUO-TAPTITE®	COMPETITIVE ROUND-BODIED THREAD-FORMING SCREW
2°	5°
1°	3°
2°	4°
2°	2°

<sup>\*\*</sup> Starting angle of four specimens of each type measured at 20x full size on an optical comparator.

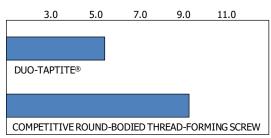
Lower starting end pressure

### Torque-tension comparison M8 x 1.25 DUO-TAPTITE® vs. TAPTITE® Fastener

Result is an average of samples tested

Superior tension at any given applied torque (with normal clamping pressure) is a major factor in the better holding capability of a DUO-TAPTITE® screw.

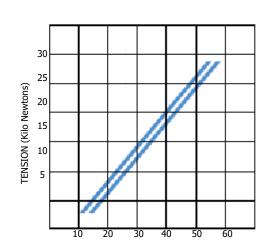
### Lower starting end pressure combines with lower driving torque to reduce time and power costs right down the line.



Result is an average of samples tested

## A – Higher strip-to-drive ratio

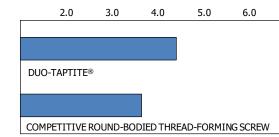
The higher, more uniform, strip-to-drive torque ratio of DUO-TAPTITE® screws provides a built-in safety factor against Eliminates broken screws, over-driving. damaged mating threads and inferior fastenings.



TORQUE (Newton Meters)

NOTE: This graph represents a linear calculation based on statistical data of the respective screws

NOTE: All screws were tested in unthreaded weld NOTE: All screws were tested in unthreaded weld nuts of uniform hardness (Rockwell B 82-84) having 7.1mm hole diameters. End pressure was manually developed, measured and recorded by an electronic load cell and recorder. Drive, prevailing and strip torque values, and torque-tension values were measured with a GSE torque cell and recorded on a BLH electronic recorder. All test data is based on 5/16 - 18 or M8 x 1.25 screws.



covered by one or more of the following patents: 6,089,806, 6,089,986, 6,261,040. Result is an average of samples tested

DUO-TAPTITE® fasteners, and/or their manufacture according to REMINC/CONTI specifications,

### **Hole Size Information**



## Suggested hole sizes for TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup>, DUO-TAPTITE<sup>®</sup> and TAPTITE<sup>®</sup> CA Screws and bolts at various percentages of thread engagement

Metric Sizes (mm)

	•	PERCENT THREAD												
NOMINAL SCREW SIZE	100	95	90 (1)	85 (1)	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35
						ı	PILOT HO	LE SIZES	5				,	
M2.5 x 0.45	2.21	2.22	2.24	2.25	2.27	2.28	2.29	2.31	2.32	2.34	2.35	2.37	2.38	2.40
M3 x 0.5	2.67	2.69	2.71	2.72	2.74	2.76	2.77	2.79	2.80	2.82	2.84	2.85	2.87	2.90
M3.5 x 0.6	3.11	3.13	3.15	3.17	3.19	3.21	3.23	3.25	3.27	3.29	3.30	3.32	3.34	3.36
M4 x 0.7	3.54	3.57	3.59	3.61	3.64	3.66	3.68	3.70	3.73	3.75	3.77	3.79	3.80	3.84
M4.5 x 0.75	4.01	4.04	4.06	4.09	4.11	4.13	4.16	4.18	4.21	4.23	4.26	4.28	4.30	4.33
M5 x 0.8	4.48	4.51	4.53	4.56	4.58	4.61	4.64	4.66	4.69	4.71	4.74	4.77	4.79	4.82
M6 x 1.0	5.35	5.38	5.42	5.45	5.48	5.51	5.54	5.58	5.61	5.64	5.67	5.71	5.74	5.77
M6.3 x 1.0	5.65	5.68	5.72	5.75	5.78	5.81	5.84	5.88	5.91	5.94	5.97	6.01	6.04	6.07
M7 x 1.0	6.35	6.38	6.42	6.45	6.48	6.51	6.54	6.58	6.61	6.64	6.67	6.71	6.74	6.77
M8 x 1.25	7.19	7.23	7.27	7.31	7.35	7.39	7.43	7.47	7.51	7.55	7.59	7.63	7.67	7.72
M10 x 1.5	9.03	9.07	9.12	9.17	9.22	9.27	9.32	9.37	9.41	9.46	9.51	9.56	9.61	9.66
M12 x 1.75	10.86	10.92	10.98	11.03	11.09	11.15	11.20	11.26	11.31	11.37	11.43	11.49	11.55	11.60

**Inch Sizes (in)** 

		PERCENT THREAD												
NOMINA L														
SCREW SIZE	100	95	90 (1)	85 (1)	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35
							PILOT HO	LE SIZES	5					
2-56	.0744	.0750	.0756	.0761	.0767	.0773	.0779	.0785	.0790	.0796	.0802	.0808	.0814	.0819
3-48	.0855	.0861	.0868	.0875	.0882	.0888	.0895	.0902	.0909	.0916	.0922	.0929	.0936	.0943
4-40	.0958	.0966	.0974	.0982	.0990	.0998	.1006	.1014	.1023	.1031	.1039	.1047	.1055	.1063
5-40	.1088	.1096	.1104	.1112	.1120	.1128	.1136	.1144	.1153	.1161	.1169	.1177	.1185	.1193
6-32	.1177	.1187	.1197	.1207	.1218	.1228	.1238	.1248	.1258	.1268	.1278	.1289	.1299	.1309
8-32	.1437	.1447	.1457	.1467	.1478	.1488	.1498	.1508	.1518	.1528	.1538	.1549	.1559	.1569
10-24	.1629	.1643	.1656	.1670	.1683	.1697	.1710	.1724	.1738	.1751	.1765	.1778	.1792	.1805
10-32	.1697	.1707	.1717	.1727	.1738	.1748	.1758	.1768	.1778	.1788	.1798	.1809	.1819	.1829
12-24	.1889	.1903	.1916	.1930	.1943	.1957	.1970	.1984	.1998	.2011	.2025	.2038	.2052	.2065
1/4-20	.2175	.2191	.2208	.2224	.2240	.2256	.2273	.2289	.2305	.2321	.2338	.2354	.2370	.2386
5/16-18	.2764	.2782	.2800	.2818	.2836	.2854	.2872	.2890	.2908	.2926	.2944	.2963	.2981	.2999
3/8-16	.3344	.3364	.3384	.3405	.3425	.3445	.3466	.3486	.3506	.3527	.3547	.3567	.3588	.3608
7/16-14	.3911	.3934	.3957	.3980	.4004	.4027	.4050	.4073	.4096	.4120	.4143	.4166	.4189	.4213
1/2-13	.4500	.4525	.4550	.4575	.4600	.4625	.4650	.4675	.4700	.4725	.4750	.4775	.4800	.4825

EXAMPLE - The shaded area indicates that an M5 - 0.8 screw size in a 4.58 hole size provides 80% thread engagement.

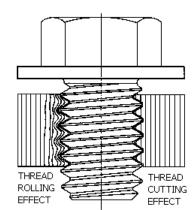
Because the above values are based on a linear relation between hole size and percentage thread engagement, the hole data becomes less accurate for engagements less than 70%.

Note also, these hole sizes are based on the U.S. basic thread depth of .6495 times the pitch and are calculated using nominal screw diameters. Hole = D -  $(0.6495 \times P \times \%)$ , where D = nominal screw diameter.

Pilot holes listed under 90% & 85% (Thread Percent) also recommended for single punch extruded holes.

For Pilot Hole Tolerance in terms of thread percentage, we suggest +5% to -10% of the nominal value, percent thread value.

EXAMPLE: If 80% is the percent thread for the nominal hole, the minimum hole would yield 85% thread and the maximum hole would yield 70% thread.





### **Hole Size Information**

# Recommended pilot hole sizes for TAPTITE II $^{\rm 8}$ , DUO-TAPTITE $^{\rm 8}$ and TAPTITE $^{\rm 8}$ CA Screws and bolts for steel nut member thicknesses

### (Expressed in terms of screw diameters)

Metric Sizes (mm)

Metric S	1262 (111	III <i>)</i>														
Application Duty Class		Light Medium-Light eter of Material 0.5 Diameter of Material 0.5					ım-Hea ter of I		h Iaterial	Extended I 1.25 Diameter of Material						
Percentage of Thread		90%			85%			80%			75%			70%		
Nominal Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	
M2.5 x 0.45	0.5-0.9	2.24	2.25	0.9-1.5	2.25	2.25	1.5-2.1	2.27	#43 2.26	2.1-2.7	2.28	#43 2.26	2.7-3.5	2.30	2.30	
M3 x 0.5	0.5-1.1	2.71	#36 2.71	1.1-1.7	2.72	#36 2.71	1.7-2.7	2.74	2.75	2.7-3.3	2.76	2.75	3.3-4.0	2.77	7/64" 2.78	
M3.5 x 0.6	0.6-1.4	3.15	1/8" 3.18	1.4-2.0	3.17	1/8" 3.18	2.0-2.9	3.19	3.20	2.9-3.8	3.21	3.20	3.8-4.5	3.23	3.25	
M4 x 0.7	0.8-1.4	3.59	3.60	1.4-2.4	3.61	3.60	2.4-3.3	3.64	#27 3.66	3.3-4.4	3.66	#27 3.66	4.4-5.5	3.68	3.70	
M4.5 x 0.75	0.9-1.7	4.06	#21 4.04	1.7-2.7	4.09	#20 4.09	2.7-3.9	4.11	4.10	3.9-4.9	4.13	4.10	4.9-6.4	4.16	4.20	
M5 x 0.8	1.0-2.1	4.53	4.50	2.1-2.9	4.56	#15 4.57	2.9-4.4	4.58	#15 4.57	4.4-5.9	4.61	4.60	5.9-7.1	4.64	#14 4.62	
M6 x 1.0	1.2-2.4	5.42	#3 5.41	2.4-3.6	5.45	#3 5.41	3.6-4.9	5.48	5.50	4.9-6.9	5.51	5.50	6.9-8.1	5.55	7/32" 5.56	
M6.3 x 1.0	1.3-2.4	5.72	5.70	2.4-3.7	5.75	5.75	3.7-4.9	5.78	5.75	4.9-7.4	5.81	5.80	7.4-8.9	5.85	5.80	
M7 x 1.0	1.4-2.4	6.42	6.40	2.4-4.4	6.45	6.40	4.4-6.5	6.48	6.50	6.4-7.7	6.51	6.50	7.7-9.5	6.55	F 6.53	
M8 x 1.25	1.6-3.1	7.27	7.25	3.1-4.9	7.31	7.30	4.6-6.9	7.35	L 7.37	6.9-8.9	7.39	L 7.40	8.9-10.9	7.43	7.40	
M10 x 1.5	1.9-3.9	9.12	23/64" 9.10	3.9-5.9	9.17	9.20	5.9-8.3	9.22	9.20	8.3-10.9	9.27	9.25	10.9-12.9	9.32	9.30	
M12 x 1.75	2.4-4.9	10.98	11.00	4.9-7.4	11.03	11.00	7.4-10.5	11.09	7/16" 11.11	10.5-14.5	11.15	7/16" 11.11	14.5-17.0	11.2	7/16" 11.11	

Inch sizes (in)

Application Duty Class		ight ter of M	laterial		um-Ligi ter of M			m-Hea ter of I			Strengt ter of M		Ext 1.25 Diame	ended ter of l	
Percentage of Thread		90%		85%		80%		75%			70%				
Nominal Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole		Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size
2-56	.017034	.0756	1.9mm .0748	.034052	.0761	#48 .0760	.052073	.0767	1.95mm .0763	.073095	.0773	5/64 .0781	.095169	.0779	5/64 .0781
3-48	.020040	.8680	2.2mm .0866	.040059	.0875	2.2mm .0866	.059084	.0882	#43 .0890	.084110	.0888	#43 .0890	.110141	.0895	#43 .0890
4-40	.022045	.0974	#40 .0980	.045067	.0982	#40 .0980	.067095	.0990	#39 .0995	.095126	.0998	#39 .0995	.126157	.1006	#39 .0995
5-40	.025051	.1104	2.8mm .1102	.051075	.1112	#34 .1110	.075106	.1120	#33 .1130	.106141	.1128	#33 .1130	.141175	.1136	#33 .1130
6-32	.028066	.1197	#31 .1200	.066083	.1207	#31 .1200	.083117	.1218	3.1mm .1220	.117152	.1288	3.1mm .1220	.152193	.1238	1/8 .1250
8-32	.033066	.1457	3.7mm .1457	.066098	.1467	#26 .1470	.098141	.1478	3.75mm .1476	.141180	.1488	3.8mm .1496	.180230	.1498	3.8mm .1496
10-24	.038079	.1656	#19 .1660	.079114	.1670	4.25mm .1673	.114162	.1683	#18 .1695	.162209	.1697	#18 .1695	.209266	.1710	11/64 .1719
10-32	.038079	.1717	11/64 .1719	.079114	.1727	#17 .1730	.114162	.1738	#17 .1730	.162209	.1748	4.4mm .1732	.209266	.1758	#16 .1770
12-24	.043086	.1916	#11 .1910	.086130	.1930	4.9mm .1929	.130184	.1943	#9 .1960	.184238	.1957	#9 .1960	.238302	.1970	5mm .1969
1/4-20	.050100	.2208	#2 .2210	.100150	.2224	5.7mm .2244	.150213	.2240	5.7mm .2244	.213275	.2256	5.75mm .2264	.275350	.2273	#1 .2280
5/16-18	.062126	.2800	7.1mm .2795	.126188	.2818	9/32 .2812	.188266	.2836	7.2mm .2835	.266345	.2854	7.25mm .2854	.345438	.2872	7.3mm .2874
3/8-16	.075150	.3384	8.6mm .3386	.150225	.3405	8.6mm .3386	.225319	.3425	8.7mm .3425	.319413	.3445	8.75mm .3455	.413525	.3466	8.8mm .3465
7/16-14	.087174	.3957	X .3970	.174262	.3980	X .3970	.262371	.4004	X .3970	.371481	.4027	Y .4040	.481612	.4050	Y .4040
7/16-20	.087174	.4083	13/32 0.4062	.174262	.4099	13/32 0.4062	.262371	.4115	13/32 0.4062	.371481	.4131	Z 0.413	.481612	.4148	10.5mm 0.4134
1/2-13	.100200	.4550	29/64 .4531	.200300	.4575	29/64 .4531	.300425	.4600	29/64 .4531	.425550	.4625	15/32 .4688	.550700	.4650	15/32 .4688

### **TAPTITE II**<sup>®</sup> Fasteners



### Typical Torque Performance of TAPTITE II $^{\circ}$ Screws in Cold Rolled Steel

Screw Size	Plate Thickness	Hole Size	Nearest Drill Size	Thread Forming Torque	Prevailing First Removal Torque	Recom- mended Assembly Torque	Failure Torque
	1.0	2.71	#36	.3045	.1530	1.0	1.5-2.0*
M3 x 0.5	2.0	2.75	2.75mm	.3555	.1530	1.0	1.6-2.5*
	3.0	2.75	2.75mm	.5080	.2540	1.6	2.5-3.5*†
	2.0	3.60	3.6mm	.6085	.3040	1.8	2.8-3.8*
M4 x 0.7	3.0	3.66	#27	.90-1.3	.5070	3.3	5.5-7.5
	4.0	3.66	#27	1.2-1.6	.6085	4.3	7.0-10.0
	2.5	4.57	#15	1.3-2.0	.6080	2.8	5.3-8.0*
M5 x 0.8	3.5	4.57	#15	1.5-2.7	.90-1.5	6.0	10-12*
	5.0	4.60	4.6mm	2.0-3.0	.90-1.5	7.0	11-14*†
	3.0	5.41	#3	2.0-2.8	.60-1.2	5.0	9-13*
M6 x 1.0	4.5	5.50	5.5mm	3.2-4.5	.90-1.5	10.0	16-21*
	6.0	5.50	5.5mm	3.5-4.8	1.0-1.7	10.0	18-25*†
	4.0	7.30	7.3mm	4.8-7.0	1.5-2.8	20.0	33-42*
M8 x 1.25	6.0	7.37	L	5.5-9.5	2.2-3.6	28.0	43-53*
	8.0	7.37	L	7.0-12	4.0-6.0	30.0	55-65†
	5.0	9.20	9.2mm	11-15	5.0-7.0	30.0	53-63*
M10 x 1.5	8.0	9.20	9.2mm	14-19	6.0-9.0	45.0	80-92*
	10.0	9.25	9.25mm	15-22	7.0-12	55.0	92-102*†
	6.0	11.00	11.0mm	23-29	7.0-13	60.0	108-130*
M12 x 1.75	9.0	11.11	7/16	25-31	9.0-15	65.0	115-135*
	12.0	11.11	7/16	30-38	13-20	100.0	175-200*†

#### Inch

Screw Size	Plate Thickness	Hole Size	Nearest Drill Size	Thread Forming Torque	Prevailing First Removal Torque	Recom- mended Assembly Torque	Failure Torque
	0.0469	0.075	1.9mm	1-2	.5-1	4	6-7*
2-56	0.0625	0.076	#48	1-2	.5-1	4	8-10*
	0.0938	0.079	#47	1-2	.5-1	5	11-14†
	0.0625	0.087	2.2mm	3-4	1-2	6	14-15*
3-48	0.0938	0.089	#43	3-5	1-2	7	15-16*
	0.1250	0.090	#43	4-6	1-2	7	15-18†
	0.0312	0.098	#40	2-3	1-2	6	8-11*
4-40	0.0625	0.102	2.6mm	3-4	1-2	9	15-18*
	0.0938	0.102	2.6mm	3-4	1-2	11	22-27†
	0.0625	0.111	#34	4-5	2-3	12	22-29*
5-40	0.0938	0.113	#33	4-7	3-4	18	34-41*
	0.1250	0.116	#32	6-8	4-5	20	38-46†
	0.0625	0.120	#31	4-7	3-4	14	25-30*
6-32	0.0938	0.120	#31	6-9	3-5	20	35-45*†
0 02	0.1250	0.125	1/8	6-9	4-6	22	39-45†
	0.0938	0.147	#26	10-13	5-7	30	65-75*
8-32	0.1250	0.150	3.8mm	11-14	4-7	45	75-85*†
0 32	0.1875	0.150	3.8mm	16-20	8-11	45	75-95†
	0.0938	0.172	11/64	14-18	5-8	35	65-80*
10-24	0.1250	0.172	11/64	14-18	5-8	45	80-90*
10 2 1	0.1875	0.172	11/64	17-22	9-13	55	110-115†
	0.0938	0.173	#17	11-14	9-13	35	80-95*
10-32	0.1250	0.177	#16	12-16	9-13	50	110-120*
10 32	0.1875	0.177	#16	19-25	12-16	70	115-140*
	0.1250	0.196	#9	19-24	9-12	65	95-115*
12-24	0.1875	0.199	#8	21-26	9-13	75	135-155*
12 21	0.2500	0.203	13/64	21-26	10-14	85	150-170+
	0.1250	0.224	5.7mm	30-36	18-25	85	170-195*
1/4-20	0.1875	0.224	5.7mm	45-55	25-35	125	205-235†
1/1/20	0.2500	0.228	#1	55-65	25-35	125	205-235†
	0.1875	0.281	K	75-85	40-50	160	380-410*
5/16-18	0.2500	0.285	7.25mm	75-85	40-50	225	425-465*†
3/10-10	0.2300	0.285	7.25mm	80-90	55-65	250	450-500†
	0.2500	0.348	S	90-100	45-55	350	825-875*
3/8-16	0.3125	0.348	S	110-125	50-60	400	950-1000*
3/0-10	0.3750	0.354	9mm	95-110	30-45	450	950-1000*
	0.3125	0.404	Y	145-165	75-95	500	1000-1150*
7/16-14	0.3750	0.406	13/32	145-170	60-90	600	1200-1150*
//10-14	0.5000	0.406	13/32	195-220	75-105	700	1400-1500†
	0.2500	0.465	29/64	150-180	60-80	500	975-1075*
1/2-13	0.3750	0.469	15/32	185-215	60-90	850	1600-1800*
1/2-13	0.5000				75-105	1000	
	0.5000	0.469	15/32	235-275	/2-102	1000	1900-2200†

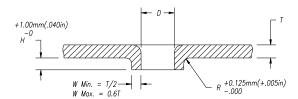
#### NOTES:

- Torque values for metric sizes in Newton-meters
- Torque values for inch sizes in pound-inches
- Plate dimensions for metric sizes in millimeters and for inch sizes in inches
- Torque values were developed using hex washer head screws, zinc plated plus lubricity wax, driven at low speed under laboratory-controlled conditions.
- Values shown represent the above conditions only and should not be used in lieu of proper application testing. The data is presented to provide the user with an estimate of what could be achieved in an actual application having a thicker or thinner nut member harder or softer material, different hole or fastener all contribute to variations in torque performance.
- Prevailing first removal torque, the torque necessary to remove the screw after the head has been un-seated, is an indication of TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> screws inherent resistance of free turning which is an indication of resistance to loosening under vibration, even without screw head being seated.
  - \* Indicates probability that nut threads will strip.
  - † Indicates probability that screw will break.



### **Extruded Holes**

# Suggested extruded holes in light-gauge steel for TAPTITE II $^{\otimes}$ and DUO-TAPTITE $^{\otimes}$ Screws and Bolts



Extruding holes for fasteners in light-gauge steel nearly doubles the length of thread engagement over original material thickness.

TAPTITE  $II^{\circledR}$  and DUO-TAPTITE $^{\circledR}$  screws and bolts will develop almost twice the failure torque in extruded holes, providing maximum joint integrity. The areas of the upper chart indicate that an

extruded hole diameter of .146" to .149" is suggested in .060" thick material when using a number 8-32 TAPTITE  $\rm II^{\circledR}$  or DUO-TAPTITE  $\rm Screw$ . The corresponding H dimension, shown on Page 12 for this hole will be .053" minimum, making the total length of engagement .113" minimum.

mm Thickness	0.5			0.8		1.1		1.6		2.4		3.6		4.4	4.75		5.5					
Inch Thickness		0.02	0.03		0.04		0.06		0.09		0.13		0.16			0.19		0.22	0.25	0.31	0.38	
Screw Size										Н	DLE SIZ	ZES - D										
M2.5 x 0.45	2.21 2.24			2.22 2.26		2.25 2.28		2.27 2.30														
M3 x 0.50	2.68 2.71			2.71 2.74		2.74 2.77		2.77 2.80		2.80 2.83												
M3.5 x 0.6	3.11 3.15			3.13 3.18		3.16 3.21		3.19 3.24		3.24 3.29		3.27 3.32										
6-32		0.118 0.120			0.12 0.12		0.120 0.123		0.122 0.125													
M4 x 0.70				3.55 3.59		3.58 3.62		3.60 3.65		3.64 3.68		3.69 3.73										
8-32		0.14 0.15	0.14 0.15		0.15 0.15		0.15 0.15		0.147 0.150		0.148 0.152											
M4.5 x 0.75				4.01 4.60		4.04 4.09		4.07 4.12		4.10 4.15		4.15 4.20										
10-24		0.16 0.17	0.17		0.164 0.167		0.165 0.168		0.166 0.170		0.168 0.173											D
10-32			0.170 0.173		0.171 0.174		0.172 0.175		0.173 0.176		0.174 0.177											НО
M5 x 0.80						4.48 4.53		4.51 4.56		4.54 4.59		4.57 4.62										L
12-24		0.19 0.19	0.19 0.19		0.190 0.193		0.191 0.194		0.192 0.196		0.193 0.197		0.195 0.200			0.198 0.203						D
M6 x 1.00						5.35 5.42		5.38 5.45		5.41 5.48		5.44 5.51		5.49 5.56								I
M6.3 x 1.00						5.65 5.72		5.68 5.75		5.71 5.78		5.74 5.81		5.79 5.86	5.85 5.91							M
1/4-20					0.218 0.220		0.218 0.221		0.219 0.223		0.221 0.225		0.224 0.228			0.227 0.231			0.230 0.235			T
M7 x 1.00						6.35 6.42		6.40 6.47		6.45 6.52		6.50 6.57		6.55 6.62	6.63 6.70		6.71 6.78					R
5/16-18							0.28 0.28		0.278 0.280		0.279 0.281		0.280 0.283			0.281 0.285		0.283 0.288	0.290			
M8 x 1.25								7.19 7.27		7.22 7.30		7.25 7.33		7.30 7.38	7.35 7.43		7.43 7.51		7.51 7.59			
3/8-16											0.335 0.337		0.336 0.338			0.337 0.340			0.346	0.349		
M10 x 1.50								9.03 9.12		9.08 9.17		9.13 9.22		9.18 9.27	9.26 9.35		9.34 9.43		9.42 9.51	9.50 9.59		
7/16-14													0.392 0.395			0.394 0.397		0.396 0.400	0.402	0.405		
M12 x 1.75										10.86 10.98		10.91 11.03		10.96 11.08			11.1 11.2		11.2 11.3	11.3 11.4	11.3 11.5	
1/2-13																0.450 0.453				0.455 0.460		

(Continued on next page)

### **Extruded Holes**



## Suggested extruded holes in light-gauge steel for TAPTITE II<sup>®</sup> and DUO-TAPTITE<sup>®</sup> Screws & Bolts (Continued from page 11)

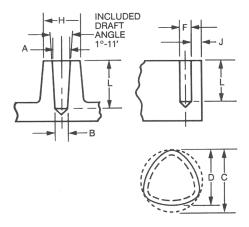
	Approximate Material Thickness "T"												
I	IN	.024 -	.035	.042	048	0.0	060	0.	09	0.1	L <b>06</b>	0.1	L <b>22</b>
M	1M	0.61 -	0.89	1.07	- 1.22	1.	52	2.	29	2.69		3.10	
HOLE DIA. D		H	R	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R
IN. 0.081100		0.040	0.005	0.040	0.005	0.040	0.006	0.043	0.010				
MM 2.06 - 2.54		1.02	0.13	1.02	0.13	1.02	0.15	1.09	0.25				
IN101130		0.047	0.005	0.047	0.005	0.047	0.006	0.052	0.010	0.054	0.010		
MM 2.57 - 3.30		1.19	0.13	1.19	0.13	1.19	0.15	1.32	0.25	1.37	0.25		
IN131150		0.053	0.005	0.053	0.005	0.053	0.006	0.060	0.010	0.063	0.010	0.072	0.013
MM 3.33 - 3.81		1.35	0.13	1.35	0.13	1.35	0.15	1.52	0.25	1.60	0.25	1.83	0.33
IN151180				0.060	0.005	0.081	0.006	0.070	0.010	0.075	0.010	0.087	0.013
MM 3.84 - 4.57				1.52	0.13	1.55	0.15	1.78	0.25	1.91	0.25	2.21	0.33
IN181220				0.070	0.005	0.070	0.006	0.090	0.010	0.095	0.010	0.104	0.013
MM 4.60 - 5.59				1.78	0.13	1.78	0.15	2.29	0.25	2.41	0.25	2.64	0.33
IN221260						0.075	0.006	0.100	0.010	0.105	0.010	0.120	0.013
MM 5.61 - 6.60						1.91	0.15	2.54	0.25	2.67	0.25	3.05	0.33
IN261300						0.083	0.006	0.116	0.010	0.125	0.010	0.140	0.013
MM 6.63 - 7.62						2.11	0.15	2.95	0.25	3.18	0.25	3.58	0.33
IN301340								0.130	0.010	0.140	0.010	0.164	0.013
MM 7.65 - 8.64								3.30	0.25	3.56	0.25	3.91	0.33
IN341380								0.140	0.010	0.155	0.010	0.170	0.013
MM 8.66 - 9.65								3.56	0.25	3.94	0.25	4.32	0.33
IN381430								0.150	0.010	0.170	0.010	0.184	0.013
MM 9.68 - 10.92								3.81	0.25	4.32	0.25	4.67	0.33

The above hole sizes are suggested starting points to be confirmed by actual testing. Extrusion Dimensions can vary due to tooling design and material being extruded.

### Suggested hole sizes for Aluminum or Zinc die casting for TAPTITE II $^{\rm B}$ and DUO-TAPTITE $^{\rm B}$ Screws & Bolt

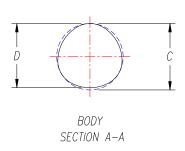
	<b>Hole Diameter as Cast</b>		F	L	Н	J		
Screw		Std.	Гарег		Hole Dia.	Length	Boss	Distance to
Size			_		as	of Thread	Dia.	Edge for No
	To	рΑ	Botte	om B	Drilled	Engagement		Measurable
						3 3		Distortion
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.			Min.	Min.
Metric Size	es (mn				•			
M2 x 0.40	1.91	1.83	1.81	1.73	1.82	4.00	3.32	1.0
M2.5 x 0.45	2.39	2.31	2.28	2.20	2.29	5.00	4.15	1.2
M3 x 0.5	2.90	2.82	2.76	2.68	2.77	6.00	4.98	1.3
M3.5 x 0.6	3.31	3.23	3.21	3.13	3.23	7.00	5.81	1.6
M4 x 0.7	3.82	3.74	3.64	3.56	3.68	8.00	6.64	1.8
M4.5 x 0.75	4.31	4.23	4.11	4.03	4.16	9.00	7.47	2.0
M5 x 0.8	4.80	4.72	4.58	4.50	4.64	10.00	8.30	2.1
M6 x 1.0	5.74	5.66	5.48	5.40	5.54	12.00	9.96	2.6
M6.3 x 1.0	6.05	5.97	5.78	5.70	5.84	13.00	10.46	2.6
M7 x 1.0	6.78	6.70	6.48	6.40	6.54	14.00	11.62	2.6
M8 x 1.25	7.69	7.61	7.35	7.27	7.43	16.00	13.28	3.3
M10 x 1.5	9.64	9.56	9.22	9.14	9.32	20.00	16.60	3.9
M12 x 1.75	11.59	11.51	11.09	11.01	11.20	24.00	19.92	4.6
Inch Sizes	(in)							
2-56	0.081	0.078	0.077	0.074	0.0779	0.172	0.197	0.046
3-48	0.093	0.090	0.088	0.085	0.0895	0.198	0.208	0.054
4-40	0.105	0.102	0.099	0.096	0.1006	0.224	0.220	0.065
5-40	0.118	0.115	0.112	0.109	0.1136	0.250	0.232	0.065
6-32		0.125		0.119	0.1238	0.276	0.242	0.081
8-32	0.155			0.145	0.1498	0.328	0.272	0.081
10-24	0.177	0.174	0.168	0.165	0.1710	0.380	0.315	0.108
10-32	0.182		0.174		0.1758	0.380	0.315	0.081
12-24		0.200			0.1970	0.432	0.359	0.108
1/4-20	0.235		0.224		0.2273	0.500	0.415	0.130
5/16-18	0.297	0.294			0.2872	0.625	0.519	0.144
3/8-16	0.359		0.343		0.3466	0.750	0.623	0.162
7/16-14		0.416			0.4050	0.875	0.726	0.186
1/2-13	0.481	0.478	0.460	0.457	0.4650	1.000	0.830	0.200

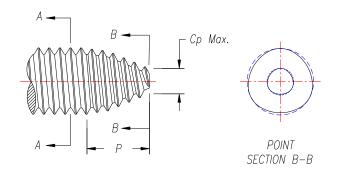
The minimum length of thread engagement should be equal to twice the diameter of the screw (to approach utilizing available screw strength). The hole diameter to ensure optimum performance, should provide for 65% to 75% thread engagement.





## **EXTRUDE-TITE®** Fasteners





NON CUT-OFF STYLE POINT (SHARP POINT OPTIONAL)

- resolve Designed to fastening problems of 'stripping' and 'spin-out' in THIN SHEET METAL as is often found when using standard round-bodied sheet metal screws
- Increased torque performance in thin sheet metal applications
- Low end loads
- EXTRUDE-TITE® screws tend to drive straight
- TRILOBULAR® **Employs** technology in the joint Electrical grounding assured by
- the intimate contact of the rollformed threads
- Reduces costs by allowing thinner, lighter materials in the assembly
- Reduces costs by reducing or eliminating repairs due to 'stripping', 'spin-outs', and off-angled entry of fastener on the assembly line
- Reduces costs by eliminating cleanup of chips, oil and debris caused by tapping operations Reduces costs by simplifying
- assembly fewer components
- Reduces costs by simplifying assembly equipment

	SCR	EW BODY	DIMENSI	ONS	PO	INT
SCREW	•			)	C <sub>p</sub>	Lp
SIZE	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	_	Maximum
<b>Metric Sizes</b>	s (mm)					
M2.5 x 0.45	2.57	2.48	2.52	2.44	0.94	2.48
M3.0 x 0.50	3.07	2.98	3.02	2.93	1.26	2.75
M3.5 x 0.60	3.58	3.48	3.52	3.42	1.41	3.30
M4.0 x 0.70	4.08	3.98	4.01	3.91	1.56	3.85
M4.5 x 0.75	4.59	4.48	4.51	4.41	1.89	4.13
M5.0 x 0.80	5.09	4.98	5.01	4.90	2.21	4.40
M6.0 x 1.00	6.10	5.97	6.00	5.87	2.51	5.50
M7.0 x 1.00	7.10	6.97	7.00	6.87	3.51	5.50
M8.0 x 1.25	8.13	7.97	8.01	7.85	3.64	6.88
M10 x 1.50	10.15	9.97	10.00	9.82	4.76	8.25
M12 x 1.75	12.18	11.97	12.00	11.80	5.89	9.63
Inch Sizes (	in)					
3-48	0.1010	0.0970	0.0990	0.0950	0.026	0.115
4-40	0.1145	0.1105	0.1120	0.1080	0.024	0.138
5-40	0.1275	0.1235	0.1250	0.1210	0.037	0.138
6-32	0.1410	0.1350	0.1380	0.1320	0.028	0.172
8-32	0.1670	0.1610	0.1640	0.1580	0.054	0.172
10-24	0.1940	0.1880	0.1900	0.1840	0.044	0.229
10-32	0.1930	0.1870	0.1900	0.1840	0.080	0.172
12-24	0.2200	0.2140	0.2160	0.2100	0.070	0.229
1/4-20	0.2550	0.2490	0.2500	0.2440	0.076	0.275
5/16-18	0.3180	0.3120	0.3125	0.3065	0.119	0.306
3/8-16	0.3810	0.3750	0.3745	0.3685	0.158	0.344
7/16-14	0.4445	0.4385	0.4375	0.4315	0.190	0.393
1/2-13	0.5075	0.5015	0.5000	0.4940	0.233	0.423

### **Length Tolerances**

Inch

Lengths up to and including  $1'' \pm 0.030''$ Lengths greater than  $1'' \pm 0.050''$ 

Metric

Lengths up to & including 25mm  $\pm$  0.8mm Lengths greater than 25mm  $\pm$  1.3mm

### **EXTRUDE-TITE®** Fasteners

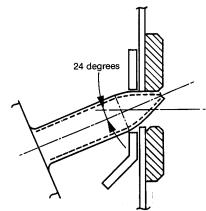


- First prevailing-off torque is an indication of locking torque and resistance to vibrational loosening and was judged favorably high for EXTRUDE-TITE® screws in thin sheet metal.

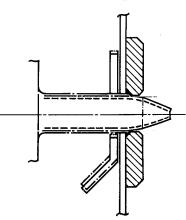
Performance in extruded holes is slightly higher than in drilled holes. Therefore, either hole design is favorable.

- EXTRUDE-TITE® screws typically forward and backward extrude material beyond its original thickness, providing the fastener with over twice the engagement than that of non-extruded materials.
- important consideration significantly superior and consistent strip-to -drive ratio of EXTRUDE-TITE® screws over other sheet metal screws which allows for more liberal driver clutch settings at the fastening site.
- Tests have shown that EXTRUDE-TITE® fasteners may be used in a wide range of pilot hole sizes with satisfactory results depending upon application requirements.
- May be used in thicker materials as a thread-forming, locating point fastener.
  Couple EXTRUDE-TITE® fasteners with an
- underhead locking feature for ultimate

vibrational and 'spin-out' resistance or with a sharp point to pierce cloth, vinyl or other such similar materials.



						Strip	
				First		to	Recommended
	Material	Hole	Drive	Prevailing	Strip	Drive	Tightening
Description	Thickness	Size	Torque	Off Torque	Torque	Ratio	Torque
#6 - 32 x 3/8	0.028	0.080	4	2	12	3:1	8
Hex Washer Head	0.032	0.080	5	3	15	3:1	10
Zinc & Wax	0.040	0.080	7	3	21	3:1	14
#8 - 32 x 3/8	0.028	0.110	5	2	15	3:1	10
Hex Washer Head	0.032	0.110	6	3	18	3:1	12
Zinc & Wax	0.040	0.110	10	4	26	2.6:1	18
#10 - 32 x 9/16	0.028	0.138	8	3	25	3:1	17
Hex Washer Head	0.032	0.138	10	4	29	3:1	20
Zinc & Wax	0.040	0.138	15	11	45	3:1	30
1/4 - 20 x 5/8	0.028	0.181	12	6	35	3:1	24
Hex Washer Head	0.032	0.181	14	7	36	2.6:1	25
Zinc & Wax	0.040	0.181	21	10	57	2.7:1	39
M4 x 0.7 x 13	0.70	2.64	0.90	0.32	2.18	2.4:1	1.54
Hex Washer Head	0.80	2.64	1.13	0.39	2.35	2:1	1.74
Zinc & Wax	1.00	2.64	1.32	0.52	2.71	2:1	2.02
M5 x 0.8 x 16	0.70	3.45	0.93	0.35	2.59	2.8:1	1.76
Hex Washer Head	0.80	3.45	1.11	0.73	3.55	3:1	2.33



Self-aligning point feature 'finds' the holes, lines them up and fastens them in operation.

TEST PARAMETERS -

Zinc & Wax

M6 x 1.0 x 16

Hex Washer Head

Zinc & Wax

cold-rolled draw quality Test material:

aluminum killed steel plate hardened to Rb 50-55

Test washer: .063 thick steel

1.00

0.70

0.80

.180(#6), .200(#8), .220(#10), .280(1/4") Clearance hole:

3.45

4.60

4.60

4.60

1.66

1.09

1.32

2.12

1.40

0.48

0.52

0.92

4.82

3.71

3.79

6.17

3:1

3.4:1

3:1

3:1

250 RPM under load Drive speed:

Driver end load: 8lbs. These values may vary proportionately to application. Smaller hole sizes for example, will increase drive, first off, strip torques, etc. Material thickness will also effect torque/tension values as indicated in the table. These values were derived from averages of over 1800 laboratory tests under specific conditions. These values are to be used only as a guide since actual application performance results may vary.

3.24

2.40

2.56

4.15



## POWERLOK® All Metal Locking Screws

#### FOR BETTER FASTENING AT LOWEST IN-PLACE COST

- Enhanced locking ability
- Continuous locking action
- Resistant to high temperatures
- Reusable
- No special taps

**Enhanced locking ability** 

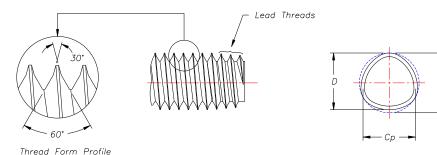
"POWERLOK®, TRILOBULAR® self locking screws are a unique concept in locking screws." Made from high strength steel, hardened and tempered to an optimum strength-toughness serviceability, POWĔRLOK® locking ability through the combination of a novel 60°-30° thread form and a TRILOBULAR® thread body section A screw achieves enhanced TRILOBULAR® thread body section. A significant mechanical advantage of this design is that the locking action is developed at the outermost radius of the torque arm of the screw body, whereas other locking screws develop their effective resistance at lesser radius points on thread flanks, down even to the thread root surface. The deeper geometry of the POWERLOK® thread, along with a slight increase in the thread major diameter over equivalent size machine screw, adds to the effective stripping resistance of the fastener. In addition, the centralization of the POWERLOK® lobes in the nut member thread allows the 30° thread crest on the fastener to flex elastically under clamp load, simulating the live action of spring washers.



**Continuous locking action**POWERLOK® screws do not have to be seated to lock, as the locking thread feature extends the entire length of the fastener. They resist vibration at any point along their body length. POWERLOK® fasteners are excellent adjusting screws. The locking action is instantaneous and, unlike chemical locking agents, no reaction or curing time is required.

Resistant to high temperatures

POWERLOK® screws do not lose their action or efficiency in high temperature environments. Non-metallic additives featured with many lock screws lose much or all of their developed force or deteriorate with time under the influence of temperatures of 200°F or higher. POWERLOK®, being an all-metal locking fastener, is unaffected by these or higher operating temperatures.



POWERLOK® - Metric Standards

DIMEN	SIONS THRI	AD BODY (	millimeters	)		
NOMINAL SIZE OF SCREW	CIRCUMS	TER OF SCRIBING SCLE C	MEASUREMENT ACROSS CENTER D			
	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.		
M3.5 x .6	3.69	3.59	3.57	3.47		
M4 x .7	4.22	4.10	4.08	3.96		
M5 x .8	5.26	5.13	5.10	4.97		
M6 x 1	6.30	6.15	6.10	5.95		
M8 x 1.25	8.35	8.20	8.10	7.95		
M10 x 1.5	10.40	10.25	10.10	9.95		
M12 x 1.75	12.45	12.30	12.10	11.95		

POWERLOK® - Inch Standards

DIM	DIMENSIONS THREAD BODY (inches)								
NOMINAL SIZE OF SCREW	CIRCUMS	TER OF SCRIBING CLE	MEASUREMENT ACROSS CENTER D						
	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.					
4-40	0.1170	0.1120	0.1120	0.1070					
5-40	0.1310	0.1250	0.1260	0.1200					
6-32	0.1470	0.1410	0.1410	0.1350					
8-32	0.1725	0.1665	0.1665	0.1605					
10-24	0.2050	0.1980	0.1970	0.1900					
10-32	0.1995	0.1925	0.1935	0.1865					
12-24	0.2310	0.2240	0.2230	0.2160					
1/4-20	0.2695	0.2615	0.2595	0.2515					
5/16-18	0.3315	0.3235	0.3205	0.3125					
3/8-16	0.3945	0.3865	0.3820	0.3740					
7/16-14	0.4595	0.4515	0.4455	0.4375					
1/2-13	0.5235	0.5155	0.5080	0.5000					

Length Tolerance - Inch - Per ANSI B18.6.3							
	Nominal S	Screw Size					
Nominal	#4-#12	1/4"-1/2"					
Screw Length	Tolerance	on Length					
To 1/2" Inclusive	+0,020	+0,030					
Over 1/2" to	+0,030	+0,030					
1" Inclusive							
Over 1" to	+0,060	+0,060					
2" Inclusive							
Over 2"	+0,090	+0,090					

Length Tolerance					
Metric per ANSI B18.6.7M					
Nominal Screw Length					
to 3mm incl.					
over 3 to 10mm					
over 10 to 16mm					
over 16 to 50mm					
over 50mm					

## POWERLOK® All Metal Locking Screws



## Exceed IFI locking screw standards Have locking action you can't wear out!

**Reusable** - Subjecting the POWERLOK® screw to increasing clamp load results in continuously increasing thread flank contact so that unit pressure between mating surfaces tends to remain constant, an important factor in diminishing galling and abrasion. Together with the burnishing action of the TRILOBULAR® crests means continued locking effectiveness, after repeated insertions and removals.

**Locking performance** - Will meet or exceed IFI 124 (inch) or IFI 524 (metric) Specifications for Prevailing Torque Locking Screws. Transverse vibration test data available upon request. Actual performance will vary depending on effective finish lubricity and nut condition.

**No special taps** - You save time and money by using a regular nut or Class 2B (6H) tapped hole. POWERLOK<sup>®</sup> is precision made - so the hole thread doesn't have to be.

**Applications** - Widely used in automotive and other mass-assembly operations. You can use POWERLOK® screws wherever you need reliable vibration resistance, continued high performance, despite repeated assembly/disassembly using normal tapped holes. They can be used in pre-tapped holes in ductile metals.

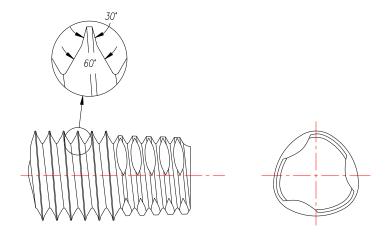
**STANDARD MATERIAL** - Depending on part size, low carbon, medium carbon or alloy steel is selected. Then the steel is hardened and tempered to the optimum combination of tensile strength and toughness. Tensile or torsional strength can be more than twice that of machine screws. Screws can be made in strength levels to suit a wide range of application requirements. Property Class 10.9 is often preferred. Finishes can be supplied as required.

# KLEERLOK® Thread Clearing Lock Screw

The KLEERLOK® feature is designed to be used in conjunction with TRILOBULAR® fasteners in pretapped holes which may be contaminated with weld splatter, paint, primer or other foreign matter.

The KLEERLOK® feature can be combined on a POWERLOK® screw for paint clearing and locking torque or on a reduced diameter TAPTITE® screw as a version for joints where classical torque-tension fastening rather than a locking screw is desired.

### **KLEERLOK®** Point Form



### **PLASTITE**<sup>®</sup> Screws



# The PLASTITE® family of TRILOBULAR® screws for fastening in plastic

The following is intended as a guide to choosing threaded fasteners which will provide optimum application performance characteristics in a wide range of plastics. It contains detailed information on PLASTITE® threadrolling screws.

Because of the variations in the manufacture of individual grades of plastics, particularly in the quantity of filler used, it is imperative that tests be conducted on each proposed application by a competent engineering laboratory.

REMINC/CONTI's network of licensees provide this testing service usually without obligation. This provides the design engineer with recommendations in the following areas: type of fasteners, quantity and sizes, design of the fastening site or boss, hole sizes. Torque values needed for power tool settings during assembly, including: drive, strip, seating, breakaway and prevailing off torque. A written report on the test results is usually provided.

How the TRILOBULAR® family optimizes fastener performance

and lowers in-place costs. PLASTITE® TRILOBULAR® threadrolling screws were developed specifically for use in plastics. They combine a unique TRILOBULAR® cross-sectional form with deep, wide, spaced threads.

**Easier to drive.** Three swaging lobes with full relief of the thread form reduce driving effort and operator fatigue.

More holding power. The three-lobed design of PLASTITE® screws takes full advantage of the cold flow characteristics of many plastics by allowing plastic material to recover and fill in between the lobes. This establishes maximum resistance to vibrational loosening. In addition, the screws' deep, coarsely spaced threads provide a heavier shear area and deeper thread engagement in the plastic, further enhancing holding capabilities.

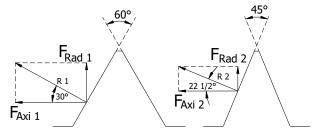
Reduced PLASTITE® design reduces dangerous hoop for costly inserts and lockwashers. stress and the friction of root interference, which can frequently cause Fewer torque problems. The the bursting of thin-walled bosses.

Better quality threads. burnishing smooth action PLASTITE® eliminates the dangers inherent in the use of thread-cutting screws. PLASTITE® screws roll form high quality internal threads with no damage to the molecular structure of the plastic, significantly reducing the danger of material failure.

Fast, cost-effective application. The easy starting, easy driving capabilities of PLASTITE® screws cut as-

**hoop** stress. The sembly time and costs. Exceptional screw's TRILOBULAR $^{\circledR}$  holding power eliminates the need

unusually high drive-to-strip ratio of PLASTITE® screws permits a wider The span of torque settings to be safely of used with automatic drivers. Strip thread-rolling screws out is virtually eliminated.



Resolution of Resultant Forces comparing PLASTITE® 45 thread form with standard 60 thread form.

**PLASTITE® 45 Screws**PLASTITE® 45 screws represent the latest savings refinement of the cost TRILOBULAR® performance capabilities of technology for assembling plastic components. The TRILOBULAR® shape makes use of the plastic's natural resiliency and creep characteristics, allowing the plastic to fill in the depressions between the lobes. This helps lock the fastener in place providing prevailing torque if fastener removal is attempted. Years of research revealed that exceptional performance could be achieved by combining the TRILOBULAR® shape with the following attributes:

- Wide thread spacing
- Narrow thread angle

The extra wide thread spacing and more acute thread angle of PLASTITE® 45 screws keep induced stress to a minimum during the thread forming operation. These attributes also permit a deeper thread without increased drive torque. Also, the extra wide thread spacing problem. allows stress to be dispersed over a greater area in the plastic boss or nut member, and the plastic material remaining between the threads is left strong and intact, thus providing for high assembly loads and stripping resistance. The narrow thread angle also reduces stress by displacing less material and creating less bursting pressure (See above illustration).

Hardened and tempered screws significantly stronger than plastic so if the assembly becomes over-torqued, usually the

plastic will give way and strip out. Strip out in the plastic will occur cylindrically so the more nut member material that remains within the cylinder the more resistant to strip out will be the plastic. It is for this reason the wide thread spacing of a PLASTITE® 45 screw 45 spacing increases the assembly strength at the same time that it reduces stress.

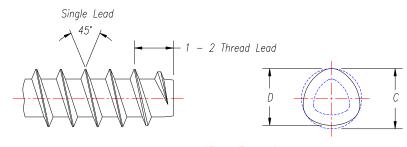
PLASTITE® 45 screws are the perfect balance between application needs and efficient manufacturing for consistent performance.

PLASTITE® 48-2 Screws
PLASTITE® 48-2 Screws have a TRILOBULAR® body like PLASTITE® 45 screws, but incorporate a double lead, two-start thread. The steeper helix angle from the double lead permits higher fail torque to be obtained, usually resulting in a higher differential between fail torque and thread forming torque, which allows for easier power tool adjustment when assembly stripping is the

### PLASTITE® 45 Screws



Recommended pilot hole sizes are subject to variation dependent on depth of engagement, ease of driving required and material being tapped. Users of PLASTITE® 45 screws should perform their own test to determine the most efficient pilot hole size for their own particular use, or contact the application engineering department of a licensed supplier or REMINC/CONTI.



### MATERIAL: LENGTH TOLERANCES:

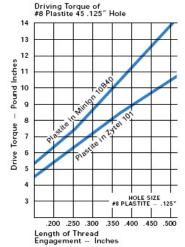
SAE Low Carbon	Inch		Metric	
Steel, Suitably Hardened and Tempered	Sizes #2 - #12 thru 3/4"	± .030"	Sizes M2 - M5 Up to 20mm	± 0.8 mm
	Sizes #2 - #12 over 3/4"	± .050"	Sizes M2 - M5 Over 20mm	± 1.3mm
Finish: As Requested	Sizes Over 1/4" Dia	a. ± .050"	Sizes M6 - M8 All Lenaths	± 1.3mm

### **PLASTITE® 45 Standards - METRIC**

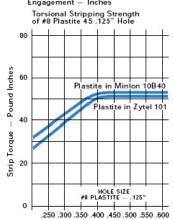
Screw Size	"C"	"D"	Minimum Out-of-	Recommended Pilot Hole	
			Round	Min.	Max.
M2 x 1.35	2.04 - 1.92	1.99 - 1.87	0.05	1.40	1.60
M2.5 x 1.4	2.53 - 2.41	2.49 - 2.37	0.05	1.85	2.05
M3 x 1.5	3.04 - 2.92	2.99 - 2.87	0.05	2.30	2.50
M3.5 x 1.65	3.54 - 3.42	3.46 - 3.34	0.08	2.75	3.00
M4 x 1.75	4.04 - 3.89	3.94 - 3.79	0.10	3.20	3.45
M4.5 x 2	4.54 - 4.39	4.43 - 4.28	0.11	3.60	3.90
M5 x 2.2	5.04 - 4.89	4.94 - 4.79	0.10	3.70	4.10
M5 x 2.3	5.04 - 4.89	4.94 - 4.79	0.10	3.70	4.10
M6 x 2.5	6.04 - 5.89	5.93 - 5.78	0.11	4.70	5.10
M8 x 3	8.04 - 7.86	7.89 - 7.71	0.15	6.50	7.10

### PLASTITE® 45 Standards - INCH

Screw Size	"C"	"D"	Minimum Out-of-	Recommended Pilot Hole	
			Round	Min.	Max.
#2-19	.08750835"	.08450805"	.002"	.065"	.073"
#3-18	.101097"	.098094"	.002"	.076"	.084"
#4-17	.1145.1095"	.111106"	.0025"	.087"	.096"
#5-15	.12751225"	.12351185"	.003"	.099"	.108"
#6-13	.141136"	.137132"	.003"	.102"	.114"
#7-12	.153148"	.14851435"	.0035"	.114"	.127"
#8-11	.167161"	.162156"	.004"	.126"	.139"
#9-10	.179173"	.174168"	.004"	.135"	.149"
#10-9	.194188"	.189183"	.004"	.150"	.165"
#12-9	.220214"	.21452085"	.0045"	.170"	.186"
1/4-8	.253247"	.247241"	.005"	.198"	.216"
9/32-8	.284278"	.278272"	.005"	.227"	.246"
5/16-8	.316308"	.309301"	.006"	.255"	.275"
21/64-8	.332324"	.325317"	.006"	.270"	.290"
11/32-8	.349341"	.342334"	.006"	.285"	.306"
3/8-7	.379371"	.371363"	.007"	.309"	.332"



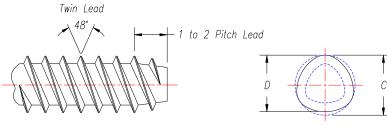
Tensile Pull-out Strength of #8 Plastite 45 .125" Hole 1800 1700 1600 1500 1400 1300 1200 1100 1000 900 Tensile I 800 700 600 500 HOLE SIZE #8 PLASTITE - .125" 400 300 .200 .250 .300 .350 .400 .450 .500 .550 Length of Thread Engagement — Inches



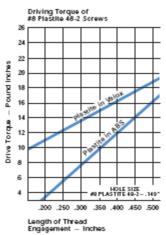
Length of Thread Engagement — Inches

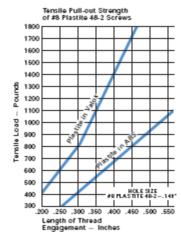


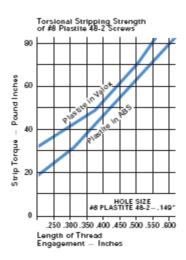
### PLASTITE® 48-2 Screws



PLASTITE® 48-2 TRILOBULAR® thread-rolling screws have twin lead threads to provide faster, more efficient insertion. The sharp 48° thread profile increases holding strength and reduces material displacement and boss bursting tendencies. Drive and strip torques are higher, making drive tool adjustments simple. NOTE: Component and boss design should allow for much faster engagement than with single lead screws.







#### **MATERIAL:**

Low Carbon Steel, Suitably Hardened and Tempered

#### FINISH:

NI- ---

As Requested

#### **LENGTH TOLERANCES**

Nom.	
Length	Tol.
Thru 3/4"	± .030"
Over 3/4"	± .050"
Over 1/4" Dia.	
All Lengths	± .050"

						Recomr	mended
					Minimum	Pilot Ho	le Sizes
Screw Size	"(	<b>C"</b>	"[	<b>)</b> "	Out-of-	Soft Ductile	Brittle
T.P.L (1)	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Round	Materials	Materials
2 (.089) - 28	.092	.086	.089	.083	.002	.076	.080
* 3 (.106) - 24	.110	.104	.106	.100	.002	.088	.094
4 (.123) - 20	.127	.121	.123	.117	.002	.100	.106
6 (.143) - 19	.147	.141	.143	.137	.003	.122	.128
* 7 ( .160) - 18	.166	.160	.160	.154	.004	.134	.142
8 (.179) - 16	.185	.179	.179	.173	.004	.149	.158
* 9 (.193) - 15	.199	.193	.193	.187	.004	.162	.172
10 (.208) - 14	.212	.206	.208	.202	.004	.175	.185
12 (.230) - 11	.235	.229	.230	.224	.005	.195	.206
* 12 (.226) - 14	.232	.226	.226	.220	.005	.195	.205
1/4 (.268) - 10	.276	.270	.268	.262	.006	.224	.240
5/16 (.335) - 9	.345	.335	.335	.325	.006	.286	.303

<sup>\*</sup> Non-standard size

- 1. Size/TPI The PLASTITE® 48-2 screw size designation combines the commonly used numerical screw size with the major diameter (Max. "D") as measured with ordinary micrometers, followed by the number of threads per inch.
- 2. Recommended pilot hole sizes are

subject to variation dependent on depth of engagement, ease of driving required and material being tapped. Users of PLASTITE® 48-2 screws should perform their own test to determine the most

efficient pilot hole size for their own particular use, or contact the application engineering department of a qualified supplier or REMINC/ CONTI.

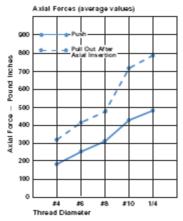
### PUSHTITE® II Fasteners



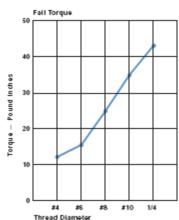
PUSHTITE<sup>®</sup> II TRILOBULAR<sup>®</sup> fasteners during insertion. are designed to be pressed into recommended hole sizes with a single, The helical thread form also allows the straight-line stroke. They can be used fasteners to be removed and reinserted in a broad range of thermoplastics of if necessary. widely varying densities.

PUSHTITE® II fasteners combine a 3 lobe thread form with a 70°-10° semi-buttress thread shape permit easy entry and provide

Threads are helical, not annular, permitting displaced air to escape



exceptional pullout resistance.

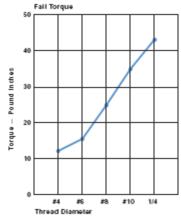


					"P"	Minimum	Pilot
Screw Size	"(	C"	"	D"	Point Diameter	Out-of-	Hole
T.P.I.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Ref.	Round	Diameter
2-22	.0885	.0835	.0850	.0800	0.063	.0035	.079073
3-20	.1020	.0970	.0980	.0930	0.073	.0040	.092085
4-18	.1155	.1105	.1105	.1055	0.083	.0045	.105097
6-16	.1410	.1350	.1360	.1300	0.104	.0050	.128120
7-15	.1520	.1460	.1465	.1405	0.112	.0550	.139131
8-14	.1680	.1620	.1620	.1560	0.124	.0060	.152144
9-13	.1810	.1750	.1740	.1680	0.134	.0070	.165156
10-12	.1940	.1880	.1850	.1790	0.143	.0090	.175165
12-11	.2200	.2140	.2100	.2040	0.164	.0100	.201191
1/4-9	2550	2490	2440	2390	0.182	0110	229- 217

Recommended length of thread engagement is two screw diameters minimum.

The range of suggested hole sizes is large because of the range of densities in thermoplastic compounds and length of required they are available without slot, thread engagements. Generally low density plastic can use smaller hole diameters. Long length of engagement (2.5 to 3 diameters) require larger holes.

Tamper Resistant yet Kemovable for Service.

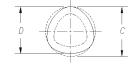


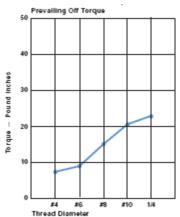
Ю	0.164	.0100	.201191
0	0.182	.0110	.229217
ava for	SHTITE <sup>®</sup> II fa ilable with a dri removal, adjustr ere adjustment	ve system i nent or final	n the head tightening.

recess or socket in the head.



Helical, Semi-Butress 70°-10° Thread Profile





#### **MATERIAL:**

Low Carbon Steel, Suitably Hardened and Tempered

#### **FINISH:**

As Requested

#### **LENGTH TOLERANCES**

Nom.	
Length	Tol.
Thru 3/4"	± .030"
Over 3/4"	± .050"
Over 1/4" Dia.	
All Lanaths	+ 050"

Performance in graphs is based on the average of several tests in different materials.



### **CORFLEX®-'I'** Fasteners



### THE TOUGHER THREAD ROLLING SCREWS

### CORFLEX® - EXPANDS THE COST uniform structure similar to grade **SAVINGS HORIZON**

deep thread engagements. The past limitation in exploiting the in-place cost on customized automatic feed induction savings of large size TRILOBULAR® hardening machines.

products was that the required screw It is this two stage heat treatment that hardness was achieved through case makes the CORFLEX®-'I' version hardening. Case hardening is detrimental TAPTITE II®, TAPTITE® CA and DUO-to structural applications as the fastener TAPTITE® screws unique; strong and would be screptible to differing modes tough in the load bearing areas but of "brittle" failure.

Tougher! That's the whole reason why The combination of strength CORFLEX® fasteners were invented!

Screws come in many different strengths; ordinary machiné screws are manufactured from non-hardened, low -carbon steel.

Regular tapping screws manufactured from low-carbon steel case hardened to 107 ksi minimum strength.

Metric Grade 9.8 or inch Grade 5

machine screws are manufactured from medium carbon alloy steel to 1040 MPA and 150 ksi strength respectively.

Prior to CORFLEX®-'I' technology, there was no thread-forming or thread -rolling fastener with both the thread forming hardness of a tapping screw and the toughness of a grade strength machine screw!

CORFLEX®-I, TAPTITE II®, TAPTITE® CA and DUO-TAPTITE® and screws and bolts are unique. They are manufactured from 4037 alloy steel and custom heat treated throughout to whatever strength is required! This could be Grade 8.8, 9.8, 10.9, 12.9 or anything in between!

CORFLEX®-'N' screws are neutral hardened so the bolt or screw has

strength machine screws. Then, after bolt strength is heat treated to the TAPTITE II®, TAPTITE® CA and required properties of the application, buo-TAPTITE® screws are capable of performing in large diameter sizes in the thread forming capability. This selective zone heat treating is done on customized automatic feed induction

very hard in the thread rolling area.

toughness enables, the CORFLEX®-'I' screw to bend without breaking and withstand alternating or cyclical loads. Tension can be applied and relaxed almost indefinitely without encouraging fatigue cracking.

CORFLEX®-'N' versions of TAPTITE II®, TAPTITE® CA and DUO-TAPTITE® screws are neutral hardened and tempered to desired strength or grade level. A subsequent zone hardening of the machine screws are manufactured to thread rolling point is not necessary as 930 MPA and 120 ksi minimum the intended use of CORFLEX®-'N' screws respectively. They are manufactured from low to medium carbon alloy or boron intensified steel.

Metric Grade 10.9 or inch Grade 8 treated to CORFLEX®-'N' screws and bolts is in soft ductile non-ferrous materials, such as zinc and aluminum. Additionally, POWERLOK® screws are heat treated to CORFLEX®-'N' Metallurgy.



### HEAT TAILORED FOR EXTRA RUGGEDNESS

Pin-point precision of high hardness zone in axial section of CORFLEX®-'I' TAPTITE II® screw is shown by crescent shaped area in chemically etched mounts.



"Punishment Proved" Performance: unusual tapping and fastening capabilities of the CORFLEX®-¹I' screw are illustrated by this test. A ½-13 diameter CORFLEX®-¹I' screw withstands a 25° body bend after having formed an internal thread with a 95% engagement in a section of 5/8" thickness of cold rolled steel.

CAN ANY OTHER SELF-THREADING SCREW DO AS MUCH?



Above is an illustration of the excellent thread forming capability of a CORFLEX®-'I' TAPTITE II® bolt in producing deep threads of one diameter length or greater in heavy (multiple punch) extrusions as required for structural applications.

### **General Information**



**Head Dimensions:** All TRILOBULAR® screws and bolts can be provided with any standard head style, to ISO, ANSI or any other international standard.

**Lengths:** TAPTITE II®, DUO-TAPTITE® and POWERLOK® screws and bolts are manufactured to applicable local standards on thread length and screw length. Tolerances listed in brochure are suggested only. Due to the greater manufacturing variation in producing gimlet pointed screws, EXTRUDE-TITE® and TAPTITE® CA screws are manufactured to tolerancing as stated on Page 13. PLASTITE® and PUSHTITE® II screws are manufactured to length tolerances as stated on Pages 18-20.

**Available Sizes:** Sizes listed are the most popular standard sizes. TRILOBULAR® products can be supplied in standard miniature screw and large bolt sizes not listed. Special size/pitch combinations are also available.

**Materials:** TRILOBULAR® screws and bolts are manufactured from low to medium carbon steel in the case hardened version and from various grades of alloy steel to meet the grade strength requirements of CORFLEX®\_'I' selective hardened version.

**Metallurgy:** TAPTITE II® screws are supplied in two metallurgical categories; case hardened or selective hardened to REMINC/CONTI CORFLEX® grade strength levels. Applicable standards would include SAE-J81 for inch screws and SAE-J1237 for metric. TAPTITE II® CORFLEX®-'I' screws can be supplied to metric grades equivalent to 8.8, 10.9 and 12.9 and inch Grades 8 and 5 or to special hardness and toughness requirements.

Case hardened fasteners are not recommended for use in die cast or extruded aluminum or zinc particularly when galvanic conditions, severe load or thermal cycling is present. CORFLEX®-I or CORFLEX®-N are recommended for these conditions.

POWERLOK® screws are manufactured to metric Grade 10.9 or inch Grade 8. POWERLOK® screws can be provided as case hardened but are not recommended unless used in a light duty application.

All TRILOBULAR® products can be produced in various stainless steel grades or from nonferrous materials. (Stainless steel and nonferrous product have limitations on thread forming capabilities.)

**Finish:** TRILOBULAR® screws and bolts can be supplied with all commercially available finishes and coatings. Electroplated finishes should be avoided on high strength grades. The addition of a wax lubricant is recommended on high surface friction finishes such as zinc. Electroplated fasteners should be baked.

**Options:** All TRILOBULAR® products can be supplied with several optional configurations, i.e. with shoulders, dog points, and with washer assembly. TAPTITE II® screws can be supplied with optional captive point or with "CA" gimlet point (see Page 5).

**Optional Extras:** Tables in this brochure cover only the standard, thread configurations and point styles available on TAPTITE II®/ DUO-TAPTITE® CORFLEX® parts. Many variations are possible including:

- Sems versions with captive washers. Extra large heads and/or underhead collars to suit individual needs.
- Underhead earthing nibs to ensure earth continuity through painted surfaces;
- Unrolled root diameter dog points to assist location;
- Unrolled pitch-diameter 'captive' dog points for extra security;
   Partly threaded shanks for captive
- Partly threaded shanks for captive screws in cover plates;
- Security drive systems for tamper resistance.

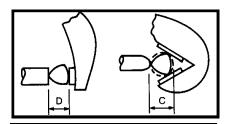
**Performance:** TAPTITE II® and DUO-TAPTITE® screws in either case hardened or CORFLEX® version meet or exceed the performance requirements of SAE-J81, J1237, DIN 7500, GM 6171M, GM6202M, Ford WD-951 and 952, Ford ES-20003-S100 as well as several other automotive, OEM, and industrial specifications. POWERLOK® screws meet the performance requirements of IFI-124 and 524.

The following are aids to assist on the use of TAPTITE II® and DUO-TAPTITE® fasteners.

Percent thread chart	Page 8
Pilot hole sizes	
Typical torque performance.	Page 10
Typical single punch	_
extruded holes Pa	ges 11 & 12
Die cast cored holes	Page 12
CORFLEX®	Page 21

### **INSPECTION PROCEDURE:**

TRILOBULAR® products can be checked with standard micrometers for D and 60° vee-anvil micrometers for C. Alternatively, C may be gauged using plain-hole ring gauges. These must have accurate holes as tabled for minimum and as tabled plus .025mm (.001 inch) for maximum.



### **DISCLAIMER CLAUSE**

The values shown are for guidance only. They are not to be used for design criteria. Their use and reliance thereon for any purpose by anyone is entirely voluntary and at the sole risk of the user. REMINC/CONTI is not responsible for any loss, claim, or damage resulting from their use. Consult our application engineers or the application engineering department of one of our many qualified producers for your specific application data.

#### **ORDERING/SUPPLY:**

When ordering from qualified TRILOBULAR® producers, be sure in all cases to specify thread size, nominal length, head and point style, whether it is TAPTITE II® or DUO-TAPTITE® etc., strength grade if CORFLEX®-N or CORFLEX®-I' is involved, any other special features required, finish and quantity.

#### **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE:**

This brochure contains basic information needed to achieve the cost savings potential of TRILOBULAR® fasteners.

To obtain further assistance and a list of qualified manufacturers, contact REMINC at (401) 841-8880 or e-mail reminc@reminc.net for North America or CONTI at +41(0)41/761 5822 or e-mail conti@contifasteners.ch.

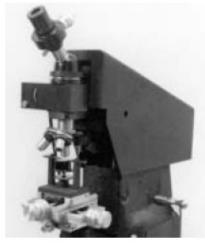




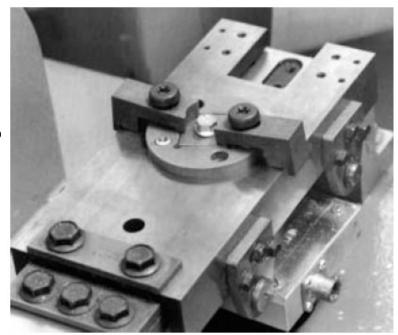
**RS Technologies Fastener Test Equipment**Measures torque and tension vs. angle, combined with electronic data acquisition.



**Tukon Micro-Hardness Tester** Provided micro-hardness micro-structure analysis



**Junkers Design Transverse Vibration Tester** Simulates accelerated service conditions to predict joint integrity.



REMINC/CONTI
Research Engineering & Manufacturing
Inc. (REMINC) and Conti Fasteners AG
(CONTI) have successfully marketed
TAPTITE® fastener technology internationally since 1961. Their success has been accomplished by licensing and training leading fastener producers worldwide.

The technical program in the United States is under the direction of REMINC, located in Middletown, Rhode Island and in other countries under the direction of CONTI, situated in Baar, Switzerland.

Although REMINC and CONTI are separate corporations and operate independently, each is dependent on the other for certain functional activities.

A summary of the capabilities of REMINC/ CONTI in support of manufacturers:

**Technical Support**• New Product Development

- Research and Development Reports
- Technical Manuals
- Technical Reports
- Technical Information Updates
- Engineering Consultation
  Computer Aided Design and Analysis
- Engineering TrainingTooling Design and Procurement
- Manufacturing Guidance
   Manufacturing Cost Reduction
   Metallurgical Analysis
- End-User Application Guidance
   Technical Training Seminars

#### MARKETING SUPPORT

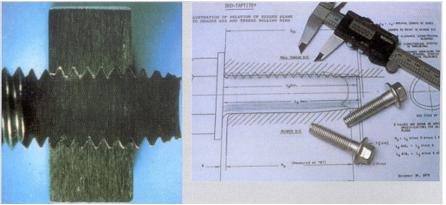
- Application Definition
- Application Reports
- Performance Documentation
- Sales Seminars
- Audio/Video Materials
- Graphics
- Customer Product Brochures Technical Liaison
- Joint Customer
- Visits
- Cooperative Studies
- Trademark and Patent Use

In addition to the above stated detail, REMINC/CONTI are positioned to provide:

- Contract Testing
- Contract Engineering
- Consultation Activities
- Contract Joint Analysis
- Fastener Engineering Training







### **AVAILABILITY**

Currently there are 68 qualified producers located in 20 countries utilizing the Technical Know-How, Patents, Trademarks, and Engineering and Marketing services of REMINC/CONTI. These producers delivered a volume in excess of 17,000,000,000 pieces of TRILOBULAR® fasteners in 2000, comprising a mix of products.

The proprietary products available in the program are marketed and sold, not as fastener items, but rather as COST REDUCTIONS TO END-USERS OF REDUCTIONS TO EN ASSEMBLED PRODUCTS.

The proprietary fasteners offered to the assemblers are the means to an end, i.e. used to generate cost reductions while at the same time providing reliably tightened ioints.

#### ORDERING/SUPPLY

When ordering from qualified TRILOBULAR® fastener producers, be sure in all cases to specify the TAPTITE II® brand name, thread size, nominal length, head and point style, strength grade if CORFLEX®-'N' or CORFLEX®-'I' style, or any other special features required, finish, and curantity quantity.

#### DISCLAIMER CLAUSE

The values shown in this brochure are for guidance only. They are not meant to be used for design criteria. Their use and reliance thereon for any purpose by anyone is entirely voluntary and at the sole risk of the user. REMINC/CONTI are not responsible for any loss, claim, or damage resulting from their use. Consult our application engineers or the application engineering department of one of our many qualified producers for your specific application data.

#### TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

This brochure contains basic information needed to achieve the cost-savings potential of FASTITE® 2000™ fasteners.

To obtain further assistance and a list of qualified producers, visit our website at www.taptite.net or contact;

Tel: 401-841-8880

Email: reminc@reminc.net

CONTI Fasteners AG Tel: +41 (0)41/761 58 22 Email: conti@contifasteners.ch

TAPTITE®, TAPTITE II®, TRILOBULAR®, DUO-TAPTITE®, EXTRUDE-TITE®, TAPTITE® CA, POWERLOK®, KLEERLOK®, PLASTITE® 45, PLASTITE® 48-2, PUSHTITE® II, THE CONTROLLABLE PRODUCT™, CORFLEX®, CORFLEX®-'I', CORFLEX®-'N' are trademarks licensed by REMINC.

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